

**Restaurants.**—Restaurants, caterers, cocktail lounges and taverns, formerly a part of the retail trades, were transferred in 1960 (as a result of revisions in the standard industrial classification) to the service trades sector. A DBS monthly bulletin *Restaurant Statistics*, commenced in July 1967, shows receipts of the following trades: eating places, eating places with alcoholic beverages, eating places with other merchandise, fish and chip shops, eating places with motel and/or cabins, and eating places with alcoholic beverages with motel and/or cabins.

Total receipts of these types of eating places have grown from \$852,735,000 in 1962 to \$1,062,588,000 in 1966, an increase of 24.6 p.c. over the five years. The largest percentage growth took place in Newfoundland (39.2 p.c.) Nova Scotia (38.4 p.c.) and British Columbia (32.9 p.c.) but the largest value increase took place in Quebec where restaurant receipts rose from \$290,000,000 to \$382,000,000.

### 9.—Restaurant Receipts, by Province, 1962-66

Province or Territory	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Newfoundland.....	6,547	6,965	8,048	8,885	9,112
Prince Edward Island.....	2,567	2,670	2,908	2,982	3,166
Nova Scotia.....	20,597	22,219	24,309	27,027	28,497
New Brunswick.....	14,863	14,689	16,479	17,312	17,704
Quebec.....	289,616	307,588	333,063	362,061	381,728
Ontario.....	300,200	312,365	325,398	340,578	363,175
Manitoba.....	42,991	44,498	45,438	46,551	48,203
Saskatchewan.....	37,648	39,030	38,468	38,598	39,932
Alberta.....	63,026	64,795	60,670	64,098	71,843
British Columbia and Yukon and Northwest Territories.....	74,680	77,010	78,014	90,211	99,228
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>852,735</b>	<b>891,829</b>	<b>932,795</b>	<b>995,303</b>	<b>1,062,588</b>

**Motion Picture Theatres.**—In 1966, the receipts of motion picture theatres, both regular and drive-in, reached their highest level of the past decade. The \$94,366,239 received in admissions was 10.8 p.c. higher than in 1965. Amusement taxes, which amounted to \$6,517,892, increased at a somewhat faster rate (16.7 p.c.). These increases were divided fairly evenly between the two types of theatres; those of regular motion picture houses rose by 10.1 p.c. and those of drive-in theatres by 11.6 p.c. In contrast, the total number of admissions declined for the second successive year, dropping 1 p.c. to 98,959,208 for all types of theatres in 1966. An increase of nearly 500,000 in admissions to drive-ins was more than offset by a drop of over 1,400,000 in those to regular theatres.

### 10.—Summary Statistics of Motion Picture Theatre Operations, 1965 and 1966

Item	1965			1966		
	Regular	Drive-in	Total	Regular	Drive-in	Total
Establishments..... No.	1,171	247	1,418	1,149	245	1,394
Receipts..... \$	75,371,826	9,790,408	85,162,234	83,004,692	11,361,647	94,366,239
Amusement taxes..... \$	5,082,144	504,822	5,586,966	5,851,617	666,275	6,517,892
Paid admissions..... No.	89,134,806	10,779,933	99,914,739	87,694,046	11,265,162	98,959,208